District's Housing Pipeline Report

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District of Columbia Housing Authority

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Groupings:

The District's pipeline is divided into fiscal years. Projects are listed under the fiscal year during which the last agency closed on its financing. Therefore, although one agency closed on a project's financing, it might not appear in that year's column unless it was the last agency to close. For example, Knox Apartments is listed as an "FY 2002 Project" because DHCD did not close on the CDBG grant until December 2001, although HFA closed on tax-exempt bond financing and tax credits in October 2000.

The projects listed under "FY 2002 To Date Projects" were closed during the first quarter of FY 20002. Other projects may still close during FY 2002.

All projects lists under "Pipeline Projects" are still pending before a District agency.

"Fiscal Year" refers to the District's fiscal year, which runs from October 1 through September 30.

Definitions:

Project Name: The most recent project name identified by the owner.

Address: The street address used to identify the location of the project. This

address might be different than the mailing address or the address

used to contact the developer.

Ward: The ward in which the project is located. The ward number should

refer to the 2002 ward boundaries.

Owner/Developer: The name of the development team or the primary developer.

Units: The total number of units in a development. All of the units might

not be receiving subsidies from all of the District agencies. If the project is listed in separate phases, then the total number of units in

this phase.

New Units: Of the total units developed, the number of *new* units to the

District's inventory. A rehabilitated project is new to the District's inventory if it has been vacant for more than 36 months. For example, if some of the units in a project are being rehabilitated,

then they are not new units to the District's inventory.

Rehab Units: Of the total number of units being developed, the number of units

being rehabilitated.

New Construction: Of the total number of units being developed, the number of units

being newly constructed. If old units were demolished and being

rebuilt, then they are counted as newly constructed.

Homeownership: Of the total number of units, how many will be owner-occupied.

Rental: Of the total number of units, how many will be rented.

High Rise: Of the total number of units, how many will be located in a

building that is five or more stories above grade.

Garden Style: Of the total number of units, how many will be located in a

building that is fewer than four stories, but not a single family

home.

Single Family: Of the total number of units, how many will be located in single

family, attached or detached houses.

Preliminary The date or expected date that the agency's will be making a

preliminary

Commitment: commitment. If the project is applying for support from multiple

agencies, then the published date will be the date or expected date

that the last agency will act.

Construction Start: The date or expected date that construction will begin.

Occupancy: The date or expected date that residents will begin moving into

units.

Affordability: The number of units that is affordable to families earning the

corresponding percentage of area median income. For example, 124 families earning less than 30% of AMI can rent an apartment at Savannah Ridge. The number represents the actual number of families who can afford to rent or own units in the development. It is *not* the maximum income that a family can earn and still be in compliance with the project's subsidies. Each type of subsidy has its own requirements. For example, CDBG can be used to subsidize units for families who earn up to 80% of AMI, but HOME can only be used to subsidize units for families who earn up to 60% of AMI.

A family's annual income is represented as a percentage of the Washington, DC metropolitan area median income. The District uses the annual incomes in the following table¹.

Family Income by Family Size						
Family Size	1	2	2 3 4 5			
% of AMI						
100%	58,833	67,167	75,667	84,0002	90,667	
80%	47,067	53,733	60,533	68,480	72,533	
60%	35,300	40,300	45,400	51,360	54,440	

¹ The Department of Housing and Community Development and the Housing Finance Agency use similar income calculations to determine eligibility for the Low Income Housing Tax Credit.

² This is different than HUD's published area median income for a family of four, which in 2001 was \$85,600. HUD does not publish the area median income for each family size. Therefore, in order to remain consistent, the amounts are derived from HUD's published amount for 30% of AMI.

50%	29,400	33,600	37,800	42,000	45,350
40%	23,533	26,867	30,267	33,600	36,267
30%	17,650	20,150	22,700	25,200	27,200

The amounts in the table are based on a modified version of the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development's area median income for 2001. HUD does not define the income level for each income bracket. Therefore, the amounts for 40% of AMI, 60% of AMI, 80% of AMI, and 100% of AMI are derived from HUD's published amount for 30% of AMI. The amount for each income level is calculated as follows:

- 30% of AMI is published by HUD
- 40% of AMI is calculated by multiplying .4 by 100% of AMI
- 50% of AMI is published by HUD
- 60% of AMI is calculated by multiplying .6 by 100% of AMI
- 80% of AMI is calculated by multiplying .8 by 100% of AMI³
- 100% of AMI is calculated by dividing .3 into HUD published income for a family who earns 30% of AMI

Calculating the amount of rent families with different incomes can pay for different sized units is a two-step process. First, the amount of monthly rent families can pay for an *affordable* unit is calculated by dividing the annual incomes by 12 and multiplying them by 30%. HUD defines affordable housing as 30 percent of a family's pre-tax income.

Affordable Monthly Rents by Family Size					
Family Size	1	2	3	4	5
% of AMI					
100%	1,471	1,679	1,892	2,100	2,267
80%	1,177	1,050	1,181	1,313	1,418
60%	883	1,008	1,135	1,284	1,360
50%	735	840	945	1,050	1,134
40%	588	672	757	840	907
30%	441	504	568	630	680

³ HUD publishes an adjusted income for families earning 80% of AMI. However, the District of Columbia received a waiver from HUD so that it uses the actual 80% of AMI, rather the adjusted 80% of AMI.

Second, the maximum rent for each unit size and income level is calculated. The federal Internal Revenue Services establishes the average number of residents for each unit for the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit program: a single person can live in an efficiency, one and a half people can live in a one-bedroom, three people can live in a two-bedroom, and four and a half people can live in a three bedroom. The amount of rent for each unit size is calculated as follows:

- Efficiency equals the affordable monthly rent for a single person at each income level;
- One-bedroom equals the average affordable monthly rent for a single person and two person family at each income level;
- Two-bedroom equals the affordable monthly rent for a three person family at each income level; and,
- Three-bedroom equals the average affordable monthly rent for a four person and five person family at each income level.

Maximum Rent					
Number of	Efficienc	1	2	3	
Bedrooms	y				
	1 person	1.5	3 people	4.5 people	
		people			
% of AMI					
80%	1,177	1,260	1,513	1,763	
60%	883	945	1,135	1,322	
50%	735	788	945	1,092	
40%	588	630	757	873	
30%	441	473	568	655	

Total Development: Hard costs, soft costs, and land costs. If agencies reported different total

Cost: development costs, then the published figure is from the agency

that most recently dosed on its financing.

Funding Sources: The amount of financing approved. If an application is currently

pending, the anticipated award amount is located in the corresponding column and the anticipated closing date.

CDBG: Community Development Block Grant funded by

HUD allocated to the District by formula.

HOME: HOME Investment Partnerships Program funded by

HUD allocated to the District by formula.

HPTF: Housing Production Trust Fund

LAHDO: Land Acquisition for Housing Development

Opportunities - District acquisition of land and long-

term lease back to developers for housing

development.

Capital: District capital dollars dedicated to the project

Appropriated: District dollars appropriated to DHCD through

annual budget process

LIHTC/DHCD: the amount of allocated 9% tax credits distributed

by DHCD

DHCD: the combined total amount of funding DHCD

provided to a project

Closing Date: the date the financing closed or is expected to close.

If a project has closings over several years, the closing

date is the first closing.

DHCD Future Financing: financing pending before the agency that

might be closed in the future.

Closing Date: the date DHCD may close on future additional financing.

Capital: District capital dollars dedicated to the project

Agency: the implementing agency's budget in which capital

dollars are allocated

Closing Date: the date the financing either dosed or will close

Tax Exempt Bond: financial instrument that an investor provides a mortgage and passes that money through the HFA to the borrower. By law, the District has a limited amount of tax-exempt bonds it can issue every year.

Tax-Exempt Bridge Bond: short-term bond usually paid off after construction completion at a project's place and service date.

Taxable Bond: Similar to a tax-exempt bond, but is taxable. The District does not have a limit on the amount of bonds it can issue.

LIHTC/DCHFA: the amount of proceeds from the 4% tax credits distributed by HFA.

HFA: the combined total amount of funding HFA provided to a project

Closing Date: the date HFA either closed or will close on the financing.

DCHA Capital Funds: Allocated Capital Funds budgeted at the discretion of the DC Housing Authority

HUD Grants: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development project specific funds awarded to DCHA on a competitive basis.

Closing Date: the date DCHA either closed or will close on financing.